

Page 1 of 14

## **TEST REPORT** IEC 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

GLESO10030108401 Report Reference No. .... Tested by (name + signature).....: Bica Chen Approved by (name + signature).....: Ryan Li Date of issue .....: April 13, 2010 Total number of pages .....: 14 pages SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. GuangZhou Testing Laboratory..... **Branch Testing Center** Address .....: No.198, Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, CHINA Applicant's name .....: Guangzhou Hongli Opto-electronic Co., Ltd. West Side of Dongfeng Highway, Auto City, Huadu District, Address .....: Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province, China Test specification: Standard.....: IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition) Test procedure .....: SGS-CSTC Non-standard test method.....: N/A Test Report Form No. .....: IEC62471A TRF Originator....: VDE Testing and Certification Institute Master TRF .....: Dated 2009-05 Copyright © 2009 IEC System for Conformity Testing and Certification of Electrical Equipment

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Test item description .....: SMD LED Trade Mark.....: Manufacturer ...... Same as applicant Model/Type reference ...... HL-PC-3216H233W Ratings .....: 3,0-3,2 Vd.c., 20 mA





## Summary of testing:

## Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

These tests fulfil the requirements of standard ISO/IEC 17025.

When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

Due to the physical properties of the Lamp, this product does not contain any radiation above 800nm. Therefore the measured spectral range has been limited from 200nm up to and including 800nm.

Test was conducted under 20 mA.

## **Testing location:**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. GuangZhou Branch Testing Center

Report No.: GLESO10030108401

No.198, Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, CHINA

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Test item particulars	
Tested lamp	
Tested lamp system	N/A
Lamp classification group	exempt risk 1 risk 2 risk 3
Lamp cap	N/A
Bulb	N/A
Rated of the lamp	N/A
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	N/A
Used measurement instrument	Spectroradiometer
Temperature by measurement	20-25 °C
Information for safety use:	
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N (N/A)
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)
test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	April 01, 2010
Date (s) of performance of tests:	April 01, 2010 – April 09, 2010
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, withon "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal List of test equipment must be kept on file and available.	out the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. opended to the report. ne report. al separator.
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General product information:	
The LED product emits white light when powered.	



IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Clause	requirement i rest	result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 <sup>4</sup> cd·m <sup>-2</sup>	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m <sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance , $E_S$ , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad {\rm J} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2}$		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet ra- diation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye	,	Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m <sup>-2</sup> for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E <sub>UVA</sub> , shall not exceed 10 W·m <sup>-2</sup> .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	1	Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$ , i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , $L_B$ , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	Р



IEC 62471						
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			
	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4  \text{s}$ $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	P			
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$		N			
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	e	N			
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E_{\lambda}$ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N			
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$		N			
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$		N			
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р			
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, $L_{\lambda}$ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P			
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0.25}}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup> · sr <sup>-1</sup>	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р			
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	stimulus	N			
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L <sub>IR</sub> , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N			
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$		N			
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		N			
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E <sub>IR</sub> , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N			
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>		N			
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		N			



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>		N
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		N
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		N
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25}$ J·m <sup>-2</sup>		N
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	IS	
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		Р
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N
	the manufacturer's recommendation		Р
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	the appropriate IEC standard, or		N
	the manufacturer's recommendation		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict Р The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading. Р The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated. 5.2.2 Р Radiance measurements 5.2.2.1 Standard method N The measurements made with an optical system. Ν The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute N radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument. 5.2.2.2 Alternative method Р Р Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements. 5.2.3 Measurement of source size Р The determination of  $\alpha$ , the angle subtended by a Ρ source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source. 5.2.4 Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources N The determination of  $\Delta t$ , the nominal pulse duration Ν of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value. 5.3 Analysis methods Р 5.3.1 Р Weighting curve interpolations To standardize interpolated values, use linear in-Р terpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired. 5.3.2 Calculations Р Р The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy. 5.3.3 Measurement uncertainty Ρ Р The quality of all measurement results must be see Annex C in the norm quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty. LAMP CLASSIFICATION For the purposes of this standard it was decided that see table 6.1 Р the values shall be reported as follows:



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict for lamps intended for general lighting service, N the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp Р sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 6.1 Р Continuous wave lamps 6.1.1 Р **Exempt Group** Р In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 8-hours Р exposure (30000 s), nor Р a near-UV hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor Р a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor Р a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 10 s, nor an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) Ν within 1000 s 6.1.2 Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk) N In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for N the exempt group but that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, Ν a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 300 s, nor Ν a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 100 s, nor N a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor Ν an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) Ν within 100 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong Ν visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L<sub>IR</sub>), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1. 6.1.3 Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk) Ν This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds Ν the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 1000 s N exposure, nor a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 100 s, nor Ν a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 0,25 s Ν (aversion response), nor



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aver-Ν sion response), nor an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) Ν within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong Ν visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L<sub>IR</sub>), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. 6.1.4 Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Ν Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are Ν in Group 3. 6.2 Pulsed lamps Ν Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and Ν to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest Ν nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being Ν tested shall be made as follows: a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be Ν classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted Ν radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose Ν weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission





**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict

	eighting function for assessing u		,	
Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function S <sub>uv</sub> (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050	
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350	0,00020	
280*	0,880	355	0,00016	
285	0,770	360	0,00013	
290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
295	0,540	370	0,000093	
297*	0,460		0,000077	
300	0,300	380	0,000064	
303*	0,120	385	0,000053	
305	0,060	390	0,000044	
308	0,026	395	0,000036	
310	0,015	400	0,000030	

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.





 IEC 62471

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able 4.2	Spectral weighting sources	functions for assessing retinal hazards from	om broadband optical P
V	Vavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
	300	0,01	
305		0,01	
	310	0,01	
	315	0,01	
	320	0,01	
	325	0,01	
	330	0,01	
	335	0,01	
	340	0,01	
	345	0,01	
	350	0,01	
	355	0,01	
	360	0,01	
	365	0,01	
	370	0,01	
	375	0,01	
	380	0,01	0,1
	385	0,013	0,13
	390	0,025	0,25
	395	0,05	0,5
	400	0,10	1,0
	405	0,20	2,0
	410	0,40	4,0
	415	0,80	8,0
	420	0,90	9,0
	425	0,95	9,5
	430	0,98	9,8
	435	1,00	10,0
	440	1,00	10,0
	445	0,97	9,7
	450	0,94	9,4
	455	0,90	9,0
	460	0,80	8,0
	465	0,70	7,0
	470	0,62	6,2
	475	0,55	5,5
	480	0,45	4,5
	485	0,40	4,0
	490	0,22	2,2
	495	0.16	1,6
	500-600	10 <sup>[(450-\lambda)/50]</sup>	1,0
	600-700	0,001	1.0
	700-1050		10 <sup>[(700-\lambda)/500]</sup>
	1050-1150		0.2
	1150-1200		0,2·10 <sup>0,02(1150-λ)</sup>
	1200-1400		0,02





Clause Requirement + Test Result – Remark Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)							
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	equation Wavelength range duration nm Sec Limiting aperture rad (deg) EL in terms of the control		diance			
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_S = \sum E_\lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t		
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000 10	)/t	
Blue-light small source	)	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/ 1,0	t	
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda$			1,4 (80)	18000/t		
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/1	0,75	

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W•m <sup>-2</sup>	adiance
				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	10-100	0,011	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
				100-10000	0,0011•√t	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
				≥ 10000	0,1	100	O
Retinal		L = ΣL + D(λ) + Δλ	200 4400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(0	α•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(0	α•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	l	$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000	)/α



Page 13 of 14 Report No.: GLESO10030108401

IEC 62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps								Р	
						Emission M	easurement			
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	mpt	Low	risk	Mod	d risk	
	opcourd			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	0	0,003		0,03		
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	10	0	33		100		
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	4,57	10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	1,0*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	4119,1	28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\lambda)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	6000/α		6000/α		6000/α		
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100		570		3200		

Small source defined as one with  $\alpha$  < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source





List of test equipment used:

Clause	Measurement / testing	Testing / measuring equipment / material used	Range used	Calibration date	
5	5 Irradiance and Radiance measurements	Spectroradiometer	200-800 nm	Last cal. date: 2010-04-08	
				Next cal. date: 2011-04-08	

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